

AMENDMENTS**In the Claims:**

Please replace the claims, including all prior versions, with the listing of claims below.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length, ~~which calls for~~ comprising:
setting a plurality of image detecting areas adjacent to one another;
obtaining multiple image data while changing the focal length of an optical system;
calculating from said multiple image data~~[[:]]~~ a partial focal length for each image detecting area based on which image data the peak value of contrast evaluated values has been recorded in, and the reliability of each image detecting area based on the position at which said peak value has been recorded moving across the multiple image data; and
selecting a focal length from ~~a group consisting of~~ said partial focal lengths and at least one ~~given~~ reference focal length, said focal length being selected based on the reliability and the evaluated values of each respective image detecting area.

2. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in claim 1, ~~wherein~~ further comprising:
weighting ~~of~~ evaluated values performed based on the calculated reliability, and
selecting a focal length ~~is selected~~ from among the partial focal lengths of the image detecting areas based on the evaluated values thereof to which weighting has been applied.

3. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in claim 1 or ~~claim~~ 2, wherein:
should a position at which a peak value has been recorded move from at least one image detecting area that contains said position into at least one other image detecting area, the reliability of the first-mentioned image detecting area is reduced.

4. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in claim 1 or ~~claim~~ 2, wherein:

should a position at which a peak value has been recorded move more than a given distance across plural image detecting areas that contain said positions at which peak values have been recorded, the reliability is reduced.

5. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in ~~any one of the claims from claim 1 to claim 4~~ or 2, wherein:

in cases where image data containing a great peak value has been obtained, the number of images to be subsequently obtained in the form of data is reduced.

6. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in ~~any one of the claims from claim 1 to claim 5~~ or 2, wherein:

a peak point movement determining value, which is used at the time of calculation of a reliability for determining whether a position at which a peak value has been recorded has moved is a variable calculated based on photographing conditions.

7. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in ~~any one of the claims from claim 1 to claim 6~~ or 2, wherein:

a plurality of peak point movement determining values are set for determining at the time of calculation of a reliability whether a position at which a peak value has been recorded has moved, and the peak point movement determining values are sequentially compared with the multiple image data.

8. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in ~~any one of the claims from claim 1 to claim 7~~ or 2, wherein:

the focal length is selected from among the partial focal lengths in the image detecting areas, either the partial focal length at the shortest distance or the partial focal length at the longest distance, in accordance with the operator's choice.

9. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in ~~any one of the claims from claim 1 to claim 7~~ or 2, wherein:

a ~~control means~~ controller selects as the focal length either the partial focal length at the shortest distance or the partial focal length at the longest distance from among the partial focal lengths in the image detecting areas in accordance with the operator's selection of the range of photographing distance.

10. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in ~~any one of the claims from claim 1 to claim 9~~ or 2, wherein:

the focal length is selected based on the reliability between a partial focal length selected from among the partial focal lengths in the image detecting areas and a given focal length.

11. (Original) A method of detecting a focal length as claimed in claim 9, wherein:

the focal length is selected, based on the reliability, between a partial focal length selected from among the partial focal lengths in the image detecting areas and a given focal length that has been set as a result of the operator's choice.

12. (Currently Amended) A focusing device, ~~including~~ comprising:

an image pickup device,

an optical system for forming an image on the image pickup device,

an optical system ~~driving means~~ driver for changing the focal length of the optical system,

and

an image ~~processing means~~ processor for processing image data output from the image pickup device and controlling the optical system ~~driving means~~ driver, wherein:

the image ~~processing means~~ processor is adapted to:

obtain multiple image data while changing the focal length of the optical system by controlling the optical system ~~driving means~~ driver,

define a plurality of image detecting areas adjacent to one another in each one of the multiple image data obtained as above,

calculate a partial focal length for each image detecting area based on which image data the peak value of contrast evaluated values has been recorded in,

calculate a partial focal length for each image detecting area based on which image data the peak value of contrast evaluated values has been recorded in,

calculate the reliability of each image detecting area based on the position at which said peak value has been recorded moving across the multiple image data, and

select a focal length from a group consisting of said partial focal lengths and at least one given focal length, said focal length being selected based on the reliability and the evaluated values of each respective image detecting area.

13. (Currently Amended) A focusing device as claimed in claim 12, ~~wherein:~~

~~the focusing device is provided with~~ further comprising a photographing mode ~~selecting means selector~~ adapted to make a selection between a short-distance priority mode and a long-distance priority mode, and

wherein the image ~~processing means processor~~ is adapted to select the focal length with priority given to either the partial focal length at the shortest distance or the partial focal length at the longest distance in accordance with the result of operation of the photographing mode ~~selecting means selector~~.

14. (Currently Amended) A focusing device as claimed in claim 13 wherein:

the optical system ~~driving means driver~~ is capable of driving the optical system into an overstroke range, which is a range beyond the range of focal length for which the optical system is designed.